

SM3 HW #3-2 (Unit 2 Weak Areas-Part 2)

Period _____

Find all zeros. Show your work.

1) $f(x) = 3x^3 + 10x^2 + 8x$

2) $f(x) = 2x^3 - 7x^2 - 15x$

3) $f(x) = 5x^3 - 27x^2 + 10x$

4) $f(x) = 2x^3 - 3x^2 - 20x$

5) $f(x) = x^4 - 15x^2 + 54$

6) $f(x) = x^4 - 2x^2 - 24$

7) $f(x) = x^4 + 4x^2 + 3$

8) $f(x) = x^4 - 14x^2 + 45$

$$9) \ f(x) = x^4 - 8x$$

$$10) \ f(x) = x^4 - x$$

$$11) \ f(x) = x^4 + 27x$$

$$12) \ f(x) = x^4 - 64x$$

(a) Assuming no vertical stretching, write the intercept form polynomial for the given zeroes.

(b) Write the standard form polynomial.

$$13) \ 4, \ \sqrt{7}, \ -\sqrt{7}$$

$$14) \ 3, \ 4, \ -3, \ -2$$

a) Divide using one of the 3 methods (long division, synthetic division, or box division).

b) Write your answer as quotient plus remainder over divisor.

c) Is the divisor a factor of the polynomial?

$$15) \ (9r^3 + 50r^2 + 18r - 45) \div (r + 5)$$

$$16) \ (r^3 - 2r^2 + 2r + 5) \div (r + 1)$$

State the possible number of real and imaginary zeros for each function. Then find all zeros. If it has a common factor of 'x', what is the first zero. If it doesn't have a common factor of 'x' then try dividing by $x + 1$ or $x - 1$ in order to find the zeroes.

$$17) \ f(x) = x^3 - 9x^2 - 21x - 11$$

$$18) \ f(x) = x^4 - 4x^3 - x^2 + 4x$$

$$19) \ f(x) = x^3 + 15x^2 + 27x + 13$$

$$20) \ f(x) = x^3 + 6x^2 - 7x$$