



What is the probability of dealing a King out of a well-shuffled deck of 52 cards? $\frac{4}{53}$ Convert this probability into a $\frac{4}{53} = 0.08 * \frac{100\%}{1} = 8\%$ The probability of arriving on time is 55%. $55\% * \frac{1}{100\%} = 0.55$ Convert this to decimal form: What is the probability of drawing a King followed by a Queen (without replacement)? $P(K \text{ and } Q) = P(K) * P(K/Q) = \frac{4}{52} * \frac{4}{51}$ Convert this probability into a <u>percentage</u>. $\frac{4}{52} * \frac{4}{51} = \frac{16}{2652} = 0.006 * \frac{100\%}{1} = 0.6\%$ Convert this probability into a <u>decimal</u>.

Probability for the Sum of Two Fair Dice=?										
P(2)				P(4) = ?			P(9) = ?			
$P(2) = \frac{1}{36}$			$P(4) = \frac{3}{26}$			$P(9) = \frac{4}{26}$				
36 36 6										
$P(even number) =? P(3 \text{ or } a 9) =? P(7) =? = \frac{3}{36}$										
1	$P(even) = \frac{18}{36}$ $P(even) = \frac{2}{36} + \frac{4}{36} = \frac{6}{36}$									
		1	2	3	4	5	6			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7			
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10			
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11			
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12			
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Make a table from the Venn diagram							
TB 155 675 50 135							
	Positive	Negative	Totals				
Have TB	675	155	830				
	50	135	185				
Not TB							

$P(A) = \frac{7}{22}$					1
/ 23		В	Not B	Totals	
$P(A/B) = \frac{4}{11}$	А	4	3	7	
P(B/A) = ? 4/7	Not A	7	9	16	
$P(A/\overline{B}) = ? 3/12$	Totals	11	12	23	
P(B) = ? 11/23					
$P(A \cap B) = ? 4/23$					
$P(A \cap \overline{B}) = ?$ 3/23					
$P(\overline{A} \cap B) = ? 7/23$					
$P(\overline{A} \cap \overline{B}) = ?$ 9/23					
$P(\overline{A} \cup \overline{B}) = ?$ 19/23					
$P(A \cup B) = ? 14/23$	5				

P(A) = 0.40 What i P(B) = 0.5 Fill in	f it is a the tal	decin ole as	nal prob you go.	ability)			
$\Gamma(D) = 0.5$		В	Not B	Totals				
P(B/A) = 0.25	А	5	35	40	_			
D(D/4) = 0.540	Not A	45	X 15	60]			
P(B/A) = ? 5/40 = 0.125 $P(A/\overline{P}) = 2.25/50 = 0.7$	Totals	50	50	100	,			
$P(\overline{A} / \overline{B}) = ? 50/100 = 0.5 \qquad P(\overline{B} / \overline{A}) = 0.25 = \frac{x}{6}$								
$P(A \cap B) = ?5/100 = 0.05$ $60 * 0.25 = \frac{x}{60} * 60$								
$P(A \cap B) = ?35/100 = 0.35$ $x = 15^{00}$								
$P(\overline{A} \cap B) = ?$ 45/50 = 0.9								
$P(\overline{A} \cap \overline{B}) = ?$ 15/100 = 0.15								
$P(\overline{A} \cup \overline{B}) = ?$ (45+15+35)/100 = 0.95								
$P(A \cup B) = ?$ (5+35+45)	/100 = 0).85						

Melany plans on running a race. There are a total of 8 contestants. If everyone has the same running ability, what is the probability that she will finish in first place?

 $P(event) = \frac{\# of ways for her to be in first place}{\# of ways 8 runners to finish}$

$$P(event) = \frac{\frac{1}{1}P}{\frac{8}{8}P} = \frac{1}{40320}$$

Writing Probability Statements Tails No tails Total 5 4 9 Mammals 7 3 Not mammals 10 Total 12 7 19 $P(\text{mamma}) = \frac{?}{?} = \frac{9}{19}$ $P(\text{not a mamma}) = \frac{?}{?} = \frac{10}{19}$

$P(\text{tail}/\text{mamma}) = \frac{?}{?} = \frac{5}{9}$	$P(\text{no tail/ not mamma}) = \frac{?}{?} = \frac{3}{10}$
$P(\text{mammal/no tail}) = \frac{?}{?} = \frac{4}{7}$	$P(\text{not mammal/ tail}) = \frac{?}{?} = \frac{7}{12}$

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Your	Turn

	Wins	Losses	Tie Games	Total
Steelers	7	8	1	16
49ers	10	6	0	16
Total	17	14	1	32

1. What is the probability that a game ends with the Steelers winning?

2. What is the probability that a game was won?

3. What is the probability that the 49ers played in a game?



- 10. What does the number 375 represent?
- 11. How many students are in both choir and band?
- 12. How many students are not in either choir or band?
- 13. What is the probability that a randomly selected student would be in band?

TB or Not TB?

Tuberculosis (TB) can be tested in a variety of ways, including a skin test.



If a person has tuberculosis antibodies, then they are considered to have TB.













