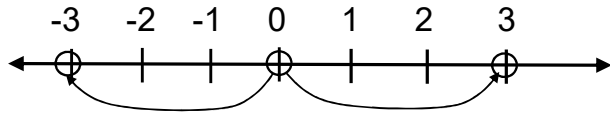


Math -2: Lesson 1-6 (Absolute Value Equations)



3 And -3 are the same distance from zero.

-3 is the "opposite" of 3

Absolute Value of a number:  $|x|$  The distance the number is from zero on the number line.

$$|3| = 3 \quad |-3| = 3$$

Absolute Value of a number:  $|x|$  The distance the number is from zero on the number line.

$$|x| = 3 \rightarrow |3| = 3 \quad |-3| = 3 \rightarrow x = 3, -3$$

Means: "what numbers are a distance of three units from zero on the number line?"

What is the solution to the equation?

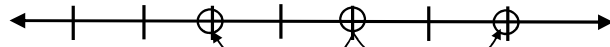
$$|x| = -5 \text{ Means: "what numbers are a distance of } \underline{\text{negative five}} \text{ units from zero on the number line?"}$$

What is the solution?

Is distance ever negative?

$$|x| = -5 \text{ Has no solution.}$$

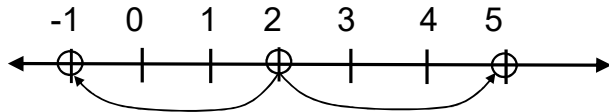
What two numbers are 2 units away from the number 1 on the number line? -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3



-1 And 3 are 2 units away from 1 (the same distance).

-1 and 3 are on opposite sides of 1

What two numbers are 3 units away from the number 2 on the number line?



-1 And 5 are 3 units away from 2 (the same distance).

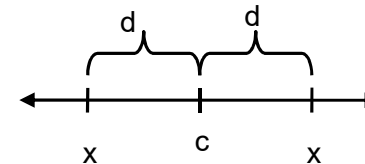
-1 and 5 are on opposite sides of 2

Absolute Value:  $|x - c| = d$  The number "d" is the distance between "x" and "c" on the number line.

$$|x - (c)| = d$$

"c" is the "center number" and

"d" is the distance from the center number.

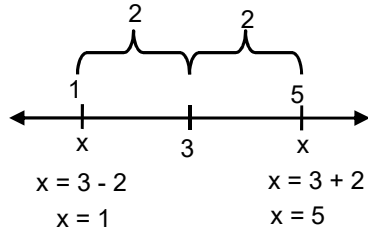


$$|x - 3| = 2 \quad (\text{English): What numbers are exactly 2 units from the center number "3"?$$

$$x = 3 \pm 2$$

$$x = 1, 5$$

$$|x - (+3)| = 2$$

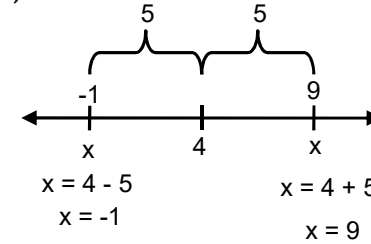


$$|x - 4| = 5 \quad (\text{English): What numbers are exactly 5 units from the center number "4"?$$

$$x = 4 \pm 5$$

$$x = -1, 9$$

$$|x - (+4)| = 5$$

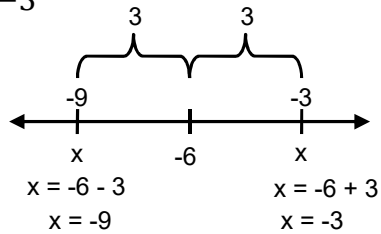


$$|x + 6| = 3 \quad (\text{English): What numbers are exactly 3 units from the center number "-6"?$$

$$x = -6 \pm 3$$

$$x = -9, -3$$

$$|x - (-6)| = 3$$



Solve the equations. Draw a picture if necessary.

$$|x + 1| = 3$$

$$|x - 4| = 5$$

$$|x - 5| = 1$$

Another way to think about it

$$\begin{array}{cc}
 | -1 | = 1 & | +1 | = 1 \\
 \uparrow & \uparrow \\
 | x - 5 | = 1 & | x - 5 | = 1 \\
 x - 5 = -1 & x - 5 = 1 \\
 x = 4 & x = 6
 \end{array}$$

Another way to think about it.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 | x + 4 | = 5 \\
 \swarrow \quad \searrow \\
 | -5 | = 5 \quad | 5 | = 5 \\
 x + 4 = -5 \quad x + 4 = 5 \\
 x = -9 \quad x = 1
 \end{array}$$

For some problems, this is a better way to think about it.

Solve algebraically

$$\begin{array}{cc}
 | 2x - 1 | = 5 & \\
 | -5 | = 5 & | 5 | = 5 \\
 2x - 1 = -5 & 2x - 1 = 5 \\
 +1 \quad +1 & +1 \quad +1 \\
 2x = -4 & 2x = 6 \\
 \div 2 \quad \div 2 & \div 2 \quad \div 2 \\
 x = -2 & x = 3
 \end{array}$$

Solve  $|x - 10| = -4$

This distance between 'x' and '10' is negative 4.

Distances are NOT negative.

The absolute value always equals a positive number.

No solution!!!!