

Math-2A: Lesson 3-2 (Dividing Radicals)

$$\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} = \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}$$

Quotient Property of Radicals

Split the radical of a quotient into the quotient of radicals.

$$\sqrt{\frac{26}{4}} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{26}}{\sqrt{4}} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{26}}{2}$$

This works great if there is a perfect square in the denominator!

$$\sqrt{\frac{5}{9}} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{9}} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{5}}{3}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{12}}{\sqrt{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{12}{2}} = \sqrt{6}$$

A different way to think about it: factor the numerator

$$\frac{\sqrt{12}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2} * \sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} * \frac{\sqrt{6}}{1} = 1 * \frac{\sqrt{6}}{1} = \sqrt{6}$$

Any number divided by itself = ?

Factor the numerator!

$$\frac{\sqrt{12}}{\sqrt{2}} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2} * \sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{2}} \rightarrow \frac{\cancel{\sqrt{2}} * \sqrt{6}}{\cancel{\sqrt{2}}} \rightarrow \sqrt{6}$$

Inverse Property of Multiplication

$$\frac{\sqrt{48x^3}}{\sqrt{16x}} \rightarrow \frac{\cancel{\sqrt{16x}} * \sqrt{3x^2}}{\cancel{\sqrt{16x}}} \rightarrow \sqrt{3x^2} \rightarrow x\sqrt{3}$$

Inverse Property of Multiplication

$$\frac{\sqrt{56x^3y}}{\sqrt{8xy}} \rightarrow \frac{\cancel{\sqrt{8xy}} * \sqrt{7x^2}}{\cancel{\sqrt{8xy}}} \rightarrow \sqrt{7x^2} \rightarrow x\sqrt{7}$$

Inverse Property of Multiplication

Simplify

$$\sqrt{\frac{32}{9x^2}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{50y^2}}{\sqrt{2y}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{49}}{\sqrt{7}}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{48}{49}}$$

Rationalizing the denominator: using mathematical properties to change an irrational number (or imaginary) in the denominator into a rational number.

We take advantage of the idea:

$$\sqrt{2} * \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{2*2} = \sqrt{4} = 2$$

$$\sqrt{3} * \sqrt{3} = \sqrt{3*3} = \sqrt{9} = 3$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} * \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

Identity
Property of
Multiplication

multiplying by '1' doesn't change the number.

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} * \frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{6}} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{6}}{6}$$

$$\frac{2}{\sqrt{6}} * \frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{6}} \rightarrow \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{6} \rightarrow \frac{\cancel{2} * \sqrt{6}}{\cancel{2} * 3} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{6}}{3}$$

$$\frac{25}{\sqrt{15}} * \frac{\sqrt{15}}{\sqrt{15}} \rightarrow \frac{25\sqrt{15}}{15} \rightarrow \frac{\cancel{5} * \cancel{5} * \sqrt{15}}{\cancel{5} * 3} \rightarrow \frac{5\sqrt{15}}{3}$$

$$\frac{14}{3\sqrt{21}} * \frac{\sqrt{21}}{\sqrt{21}} \rightarrow \frac{14\sqrt{21}}{3 * 21} \rightarrow \frac{\cancel{2} * \cancel{7} * \sqrt{21}}{\cancel{3} * \cancel{7} * 3} \rightarrow \frac{2\sqrt{21}}{9}$$

In all of the previous examples we just multiplied by “one in the form of” the denominator radical over the denominator radical.

$$\frac{3\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{8}} \rightarrow \frac{3\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{8}} * \frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{8}} \rightarrow \frac{3\sqrt{7*2*2*2}}{8} \rightarrow \frac{3*2\sqrt{7*2}}{8}$$

It is always easier to simplify (by factoring) **BEFORE** you multiply

$$\rightarrow \frac{\cancel{3*2}\sqrt{14}}{\cancel{2*4}}$$

$$\frac{3\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{8}} \rightarrow \frac{3\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{4} * \sqrt{2}} \rightarrow \frac{3\sqrt{7}}{2\sqrt{2}} * \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} \rightarrow \frac{3\sqrt{14}}{2*2} \rightarrow \frac{3\sqrt{14}}{4}$$

$$\frac{6\sqrt{5}}{3\sqrt{12}} \rightarrow \frac{\cancel{3} * 2 * \sqrt{5}}{\cancel{3} * \sqrt{4} * \sqrt{3}} \rightarrow \frac{\cancel{2} * \sqrt{5}}{\cancel{2} * \sqrt{3}} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{3}} * \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{15}}{3}$$

$$\frac{4}{2\sqrt{6}} \rightarrow \frac{\cancel{2*2}}{\cancel{2}\sqrt{6}} \rightarrow \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}} * \frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{6}} \rightarrow \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{6} \rightarrow \frac{\cancel{2}\sqrt{6}}{\cancel{2}*3} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{6}}{3}$$

$$\frac{2}{4\sqrt{6}} \rightarrow \frac{\cancel{1*2}}{\cancel{2}*2\sqrt{6}} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2\sqrt{6}} * \frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{6}} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2*6} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{6}}{12}$$

$$\frac{25}{15\sqrt{5}} \rightarrow \frac{\cancel{5*5}}{\cancel{5}*3\sqrt{5}} \rightarrow \frac{5}{3\sqrt{5}} * \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}} \rightarrow \frac{5\sqrt{5}}{3*5} \rightarrow \frac{\cancel{5}*\sqrt{5}}{\cancel{5}*3} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{5}}{3}$$

What about variables?

$$\frac{3}{\sqrt{5x}} * \frac{\sqrt{5x}}{\sqrt{5x}} \rightarrow \frac{3\sqrt{5x}}{5x}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{15}}{\sqrt{5x}} \rightarrow \frac{\cancel{\sqrt{5}} * \sqrt{3}}{\cancel{\sqrt{5}} * \sqrt{x}} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{x}} * \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{3x}}{\sqrt{x^2}} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{3x}}{x}$$

Rationalize the denominator

$$\frac{2x}{\sqrt{3x}}$$

$$\frac{3}{\sqrt[4]{x^2}}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{3y^3}}{\sqrt{5y}}$$